

HANNA WILL TRY TO GAG THE SENATE.

Republicans Have Agreed to Combine on a Closure Rule.

HOAR BAITES THE TRAP.

Democrats Wide Awake and Preparing for the Fight That Is to Come.

WANT TO RUSH THE TARIFF BILL.

Senator Morgan Says That the Absence of a Closure Rule in the Senate Is the Greatest Safeguard the Country Has.

Washington, March 10.—Cramism for the Senate. That is what Mark Hanna proposes, and what he has come into the Senate to put into effect. Hanna will lay the wires, and Vice-President Hobart will spring the mine at the proper moment. The Vice-President indicated the purpose in his inaugural address when he said:

It will be my constant effort to aid you, so far as I may, in all reasonable expedient of the business of the Senate; and I may be permitted to express the belief that such expedition is the hope of this country. All the interests of good government, and the advancement toward a higher and better condition of things, call for prompt and positive legislation at your hands. To obstruct the regular course of wise and prudent legislative action after the fullest and freest discussion is neither consistent with the true senatorial conduct, nor in compliance with their just expectations.

Senator Hoar has been put forward in the belief that his mild and benignant reputation may disguise the purpose of those behind him. To-day he gave notice of a closure proposition he intends to call up on Monday, in the following language:

When any bill or resolution shall have been under consideration for more than one day it shall be in order for any Senator to demand that debate thereon be closed. If such demand be seconded by a majority of the Senators present the question shall forthwith be taken thereon without further debate, and the pending measure shall take precedence of all other business whatever. If the Senate shall decide to close debate the question shall be put upon the pending amendments upon amendments of which notice shall then be given, and upon the measure in its successive stages according to the rules of the Senate, but without further debate, except that every Senator who may desire shall be permitted to speak upon the measure not more than once, and not exceeding one hour.

After such demand shall have been made by any Senator no other motion shall be in order until the same shall have been voted upon by the Senate, unless the same shall fall to be seconded.

After the Senate shall have decided to close debate, no motion shall be in order, but a motion to adjourn or to take a recess, when such motion shall be seconded by a majority of the Senate. When either of said motions shall have been lost, or shall have failed a second, it shall not be in order to renew the same until one Senator shall have spoken upon the pending measure, or one vote upon the same shall have intervened.

Ready for a Lively Fight.
Like a bombshell the amendment fell among the Democratic Senators. All are ready, even now, for the fight that is to come. Already the lines are forming, and the extra session promises to be the liveliest the country has ever seen. The notice was a surprise only so far as it came at an unexpected time.

For months the Republicans have been formulating their plans. Mark Hanna's first trip to the Capitol had this change in the rules in view. He consulted with the shrewdest Republican parliamentarians in the Senate and notified them that President-elect McKinley would expect quick action on the tariff bill. Senators Aldrich, Quay and others were called into consultation, and finally a plan was developed. Its first details were made public to-day.

But there is no closure rule in the Senate now, and it has always been held that any effort to pass one could be killed. The shrewd Mark Hanna and the still shrewder manipulators of the Senate have arranged for Hanna's bill. They believe that their scheme is flawless and can be carried through. It may produce a revolution, but they are willing to take the risk.

Gold Democrats in the Scheme.
The amendment is to be discussed at length. The men behind it expect opposition. They are prepared. They claim to have a majority in the Senate. An ironclad agreement has been entered into with certain gold Democrats. Only two are needed. The Vice-President alone must be overruled. The plan agreed on gives the most absolute protection and is parliamentary.

The debate has proceeded far enough a point of order is to be raised that the debate itself is out of order. The Vice-President will promptly overrule it. Thereupon an appeal will be taken. A majority will vote to sustain the appeal. The Vice-President will now to the will of the majority. The bill will be taken out of order, a vote will be ordered, and a closure rule will be passed.

The Vice-President is posted on the plan agreed to. Since the arrival of the bill he has met all the forty-two Republican Senators. The matter has been freely discussed, and the agreement has been reached that all must stand together. The gatherings will break up with the cabalistic words:

Senators, we must all stand together.
Eager to Rush the Tariff Bill.
The chief object to be gained by forcing through a closure rule is to pass the tariff bill as it comes from the House. It is to be rushed through that body with but a few hours' debate. With a closure rule in force the bill can be taken out of the President's hands within a month after it has been presented in the House.

But the Democrats are ready to join issue. Senator Morgan said to-night: "The closure rule can never pass with my consent. It is not a rule yet. I consider the absence of a closure rule the greatest constitutional safeguard the country has. Had we such a rule Congress would run through at any time the platform pledges made by a noisy and boisterous convention, which afterward the sober second thought of the country repudiates. The first Senate rules provided for ordering the previous questions, but the rules were changed very quickly. The fathers saw the danger in it."

No More One-Man Power.
"Do you think the Democrats are going to sit quietly and permit their hands to be shackled at this juncture?" said Senator Pasco, of Florida. "No. We will fight any closure rule. There is too much one-man power in this country now. The Speaker of the House handles legislation there. The people must have some chance. All that is left is the Senate. Democracy will stand for the people."

MAYOR FINES HIMSELF.

Executive of an Ohio Town Pays \$5 and Costs for Being Intoxicated.

Bowling Green, Ohio, March 10.—There was a large crowd at Police Court this morning when Mayor Campbell imposed a fine of \$5 and costs upon himself for being drunk and disorderly. "His Honor" was carried to the police station intoxicated and occupied a cell with the common drunkards. Citizens are indignant, and he will probably be removed from office.

Mayor Campbell has been a strong advocate of temperance, and upon several occasions has called the police out to keep, for not enforcing closing ordinances. He was a reformed tippler, left the Democratic party and was made Mayor by the Republicans. He is a brilliant orator and is familiarly known as the "silver-tongued orator of the Maumee."

It has been known by a few that of late he was returning to his old habits, and he was warned by the city marshal to keep off the street while intoxicated.

At the police station he was put in the cell with a prisoner he had given a sound lecture for being drunk, and the unfortunate fellow, not being able to pay his fine, was given twenty days in the workhouse.

LOCAL GREEKS AROUSED.
Talk of Chartering a Steamer to Transport Volunteers—Funds Being Raised.

The Greeks of New York are divided into two factions, the one being in sympathy with Consul Rotas, and the other opposing him most bitterly. It is from the latter faction that the bands of Greeks who are about to start for their country have been formed. Each man who goes pays his own expenses, and in the meantime several companies are actively drilling in different parts of the city. The movement is a secret one, and according to preconcerted plan a number of ships will meet for the first time on the day of the sailing of the steamer.

There are also being raised with great rapidity, the one through the Cretan Relief Committee, of which Father Agathodoros, the Archimandrite, is the chairman, and the other through the Greek Church, of which the Rev. G. L. Kasas, the receiving treasurer, and Charles E. Sprague, president of the Dime Union Bank, are the officers. From this committee the Journal has received the following statement with the request that it should be published:

The Cretan Relief Committee began to announce that it has received subscriptions up to date, amounting to \$1,616.24, that it has received a balance on hand of \$304.24. (Signed) FATHER AGATHODOROS, Archimandrite of the Greek Church, Chairman, No. 75 West Ninth-street.

The second fund is being gathered together by Mr. Solon J. Vinsto, editor of the local Greek paper, the *Atlantic*. This fund is sending close upon \$500 every week to the National League at Athens, either through the Bank of Athens or the Anglo-Egyptian Bank in London.

At the consulate yesterday it was said that a fund would soon be raised for the express purpose of chartering a steamer to be used as a transport, but that this step would not be taken until an actual declaration of war had been made or actual hostilities begun. In the meantime, all funds raised would be devoted to the relief of the 17,000 Cretan insurgents now in Greece.

On Monday evening, March 15, Mr. J. P. Leontakos, of the University of Athens, will deliver an illustrated lecture at Channing Hall under the auspices of the Cretan Relief Committee.

FAMOUS BELLS.
For Centuries They Have Announced Great Events to the Nations of the Earth.

Spain has a bell that is its prophet. It is its soothsayer, oracle and guide. This bell, the famous Villala, has hung for centuries in a historic castle, keeping watch over the nation.

It is the most celebrated bell in Europe. Its fame rests not so much upon its notes, though these are high-pitched, soft and clear; nor upon its size, for there are other bells in Spain much larger, but upon its individuality.

The Villala has for centuries foretold any impending trouble to the nation. When the father of little Alfonso died the Villala began tolling in the night and tolled until morning light. In the ten years' Cuban war the bell struck awful tones on the nights of defeats. And when great fires have touched the castle and sickness or insurrection threatened the throne the Villala has lifted up its voice in sudden loud warning.

Last week the Villala tolled again. It was one short, quick stroke. Only a few heard it, but they ran to tell the tidings. Did it mean more disaster in Cuba? Was the war to drain the royal vaults beyond penury to debt? The Villala would not tell, but it sent out its warning note.

Russia has a coronation bell which is the largest in the world. It hangs in the Kremlin. It is the Emperor's bell, and it rings only in honor of him. At the coronation it pealed forth as the Emperor entered the church, and its voice announced the conclusion of the ceremony to the whole of Russia. The coronation bell is rung by a bellringer blessed by the Emperor, the head of the Church. The bellringer does no other work, and is always on duty to tell of important events in the family of the Emperor.

Of late he has been busy polishing up the bell for special happenings. He rings when His Majesty goes to church, and in case of the death of a Russian monarch, the Kremlin bells toll constantly between the death and the time of the funeral.

Since Russia is the home of bells, it is not wonderful that it should hold the largest unmade bell in the world. This bell now makes a building in the Kremlin. It was cast two centuries ago, but was found too heavy to remove from the pit. The Russian monarchs, one after another, tried to have it lifted, and hundreds of lives were sacrificed in the shifting pit of sand. Finally a great effort was made. A quantity of cold water flowed in around it, and a great piece, the size of a door, was broken out.

The most famous bells in France are those of Notre Dame. The bells of this cathedral are the largest bells of the world in the world. One of them weighs thirty-five thousand pounds. The maker who cast it would never disclose the secret of its loud, sweet tone.

NURSES ON THE BIKE.
London's Philanthropic Idea to Give Working Women Outdoor Exercise.

A club has been formed in London with the laudable purpose of giving helpful exercise to working women of certain classes, and exercise on the bike has been chosen as the one most desirable. To begin with, the nurses of the institution known as Guy's Hospital were invited to learn bicycling.

They report for an outing regularly every week.

The women who choose to avail themselves of the invitation have been furnished with the following costume, that is at once decent and becoming: Sailor hat, blue serge skirt and coat, and blue and white cotton or flannel shirt. The skirts must be three inches off the ground, not more than three yards around and button up one side.

WOMEN TOOK TO THE FIRE-ESCAPE.

With Their Children They Clamber Out of a Burning Tenement.

SMOKE FILLED THE HALL.

Fire Marshal Investigating a Suspicious Blaze in a Seventh Street Building.

FLAMES IN CROVO'S ROOMS.

He and His Family Were Away from Home, and Some of Their Furniture Had Been Previously Removed.

The Fire Marshal is investigating the circumstances attending a fire on the top floor of the five-story double tenement at No. 46 Seventh street last night.

There was little damage done, but before the flames were discovered the halls were so filled with smoke that the tenants of the upper stories found it necessary to take to the fire-escape in order to get out of the building. Four women, two of them carrying children, and three old persons made their way out in this way, while the crowd in the street cheered.

A month ago James Crovo, his wife and three children moved into the house and took the rooms on the top floor, for which Crovo paid \$22 rental. The janitor of the house saw some furniture being taken out on last Saturday, and on inquiring he learned that it belonged to Crovo. He thought nothing more of this until last night's blaze.

It was about 6:30 o'clock when the residents of the house opposite saw the flames bursting through the windows of the Crovo's apartment. An alarm was sent out, and the other tenants of the house were aroused to their danger. It was an hour when the men were all away from home, and the women and children became panic-stricken. Those on the upper floors on looking out into the hall, found it so filled with smoke that to attempt escape by that route would be extremely dangerous.

The families living on the lower floors had no difficulty in getting to the street, and there they informed the firemen and policemen of the plight of their neighbors. Some one rushed up the stairs and burst open the door of the Crovo's apartments. No one was in the rooms, which were a mass of flames. When the door was opened the smoke belched out, making the halls all the more impassable. It was then that the frightened women of the first and second floors below took to the fire escapes. They clambered down slowly, the spectators in the street yelling directions and encouragements to them. Without a mishap they all managed to reach the first floor, where they passed into the rooms and then made their way to the street by the stairway.

The firemen found it an easy task to quench the flames, which were confined to the rooms occupied by the Crovos. The damage was \$500. On inquiry it was found that Mr. and Mrs. Crovo and their children had left the house early in the day. They had not returned at a late hour last night.

Two knights of the road made their appearance in the outskirts of Westfield, N. J., yesterday and relieved a lady resident of her purse with all the gentle courtesy that tradition ascribes to Claude Duval.

Mrs. James Harris lives at Dunellen and drives a cream-colored mare in a chaise. She had been making a round of calls in Westfield yesterday afternoon, and toward evening turned the mare's head for home. Not far outside Westfield the road—one is almost tempted to call it the king's highway—passes through a dense, the slopes of which are thickly wooded. It is such

Despite Their Claude Duval Manners She Refused Their Demand Until They Threatened to Unhitch the Pony and Drive Him Away.

The Lady Was Driving from Westfield, N. J., to Her Home in Dunellen.

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UNION LABOR A FOE TO ELLSWORTH BILL.

George Raines, Representing No. 6, Argues Against the Anti-Cartoon Measure.

AFFECTS SKILLED WORKERS.

Thousands of Men Would Suffer if the Bill Were to Become a Law.

MR. ELLSWORTH IN A CORNER.

Some Puzzling Questions Put to Him Which He Refuses to Answer—Another Hearing.

Albany, N. Y., March 10.—Ellsworth's Anti-Cartoon bill at the hearing before the Senate Codes Committee this evening was thoroughly dissected by George Raines, representing Typographical Union No. 6, the Photo-Engravers' Union No. 1 of New York, and Central Labor Union. Thomas S. Engan, of Troy; James Ryan, Thomas B. Donnelly, Edward F. Farrell and Thomas D. Fitzgerald, representing various labor unions, were also present.

Mr. Raines explained that the bill should be made a part of the Penal Code to be intelligent. He could see no reason why

The marriage of Miss Maude Manges and Benjamin Livingston took place last evening. The home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Simon Manges, No. 138 East Eighty-eighth street, was the scene of the event. The ceremony was performed at 6:30 o'clock by Rev. Dr. Rudolph Grossman, of the Sixty-third Street Temple.

Lederer-Levy.
The wedding of Miss Deborah Levy, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Levy, of St. Nicholas avenue and One Hundred and Eighty-eighth street, and Harry A. Lederer was celebrated last evening. The large parlor in the Harlem Casino, Seventh avenue and One Hundred and Twenty-first street, was the scene of the event. The Rev. S. H. Sonnenchein, of the Fifteenth Street Temple, performed the ceremony at 6 o'clock.

A REVERED MONSTER.
The Most Distinguished Hippopotamus in Europe Dead at the Age of Forty-eight.

The most celebrated hippopotamus in Europe has just died in the Jardin des Plantes, in Paris. He was over forty-eight years old.

The venerable beast was brought to Europe at a time when hippopotamuses were very rare there, because the difficulties and cost of transporting them were so great. He was studied by many eminent scientists and exhibited a docile nature. A calm and happy disposition is the property of most naturalists.

The dead hippopotamus is not to be buried or cremated, but was removed to the animal morgue in the Museum of Natural History. There a post-mortem examination is to take place, and the huge beast will subsequently be preserved in stuffed, skeleton form, like the big whales in the Cour de la Baleine.

The hippopotamus was captured young, in the Upper Nile, so far back as 1855, and was sent to France in charge of a Nubian expert. He was found dead in its big bath, and was lifted out with great difficulty by the attendants. He was supposed to be worth \$12,000, and a younger beast of the same species was bought some time since by M. Milne-Edwards for one-third of that sum. The loss of the old hippopotamus is deeply deplored by all the habit-visitors to the Jardin des Plantes as well as by the museum officials, and it is no wonder that the animal has received long obituary notices in the newspapers.

HOW TO BREED OYSTERS.
United States Fish Commission to Tell the Public How to Raise the Bivalves Scientifically.

The United States Fish Commission is about to publish a book on oyster culture which is designed for the instruction of everyday people in the business of propagating and rearing the most luscious of mollusks by artificial means. Its purpose will be to encourage this sort of farming.

Up to now the wild crop of oysters furnished by our bays and estuaries has been relied on almost wholly for the market supply. Indications already point to the speedy extermination of the untamed bivalves in a commercial sense, and in the near future the scientific breeder will produce the oysters that are consumed by lovers of this marine esculent.

The business of oyster culture has already been carried to a high point of development in Long Island Sound, where artificial breeding has taken the place of the old method almost entirely. In fact, nearly one-third of the bottom of that arm of the sea is occupied at present by oyster beds, the product of which is derived from the sowing of seed and as regularly harvested as any land crop.

It is wholly practicable to propagate oysters by making an artificial mixture of eggs from the male mollusk and eggs from the female. This has been accomplished many times in an experimental way by simply chopping up the reproductive organs of a mollusk and mixing them with those of another. In this fashion the percentage of the eggs are impregnated, whereas under natural conditions the great majority of them are not fertilized, failing to come into contact with the male cells as they float about in the water.

ROYAL ROBES.
African Kings Get Theirs from the Retiring Lord Mayor's Servants.

The Lord Mayor of London has fifteen servants, eight of whom are over six feet three inches high. They are dressed in apple-blossom velvet uniforms, with heavy gold bullion lace.

The tailor who supplies these uniforms was recently asked why they were not handed on from one Lord Mayor to another.

"They are the perquisites of the servants," was the reply.

"And what do they do with them?" I asked.

"They sell them to African kings, though a few of them go to the theatres for kings' servants there. We once made a crown to a king of the interior of Africa, and to Africa," continued the tailor. "In fact, we have supplied African kings with most things they require, such as thrones, and so on, from time to time."

that can never be suppressed. Break up all the printing presses in New York and throw them into the North River, and the cartoon will go flying along the streets."

Mr. Grady of the committee said the object of the bill was to future-proof a man whose picture had been printed with the right to secure the conviction of the publisher by the mere production of the picture. The question of malice did not enter. He called attention to the publication of Mrs. Bradley Martin's picture, and said in his opinion it was a "shrinking woman and a hater of notoriety."

The Liberty of the Press.
Mr. Raines warned the committee against making a technical fact ground for conviction. He spoke of the liberty of the press guaranteed by the Federal and State constitutions.

Mr. Malby complained about caricaturing and said Mr. Raines said the Legislature would itself be the laughing stock of Europe and America if it tried to stop it.

Mr. Raines made an eloquent and forceful speech and at its conclusion ex-Judge Jesse S. Lannoreaux, representing Judge asked to be heard, as did the labor delegation.

Mr. Ellsworth opposed postponement, but a majority of the committee overruled his wishes, and next Wednesday another hearing will be held.

THREE BRIDES OF A DAY.
Wedding of Miss Mary Ludlow Warner and Harry Wilbur Baldwin Celebrated Last Night.

The wedding of Miss Mary Ludlow Warner and Harry Wilbur Baldwin was celebrated last night. The profuse floral decorations at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Louisa Theresa Warner, No. 157 West Sixty-fourth street, were in green and white.

The Rev. George H. McGrew performed the ceremony at 8 o'clock. The bride wore a rich ivory satin gown fully trimmed with duchesse lace, and tulle veil, secured with a diamond solitaire. Her bouquet was composed of lilies of the valley and orchids.

District Attorney William Olcott was his brother-in-law's best man, and the Messrs. Albert E. Robinson and M. W. White acted as a couple of the bride, were the ushers. After the ceremony, from 8:30 until 10 o'clock, a large reception was held.

Livingston-Manges.
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